## § 250.1152

You must conduct:	And you must submit to the Regional Supervisor:
A well-flow potential test on all new, recompleted, or reworked well completions within 30 days of the date of first continuous production.     At least one well test during a calendar half-year for each producing completion.	Form MMS–126, Well Potential Test Report, along with the supporting data as listed in the table in §250.1167, within 15 days after the end of the test period.  Results on Form MMS–128, Semiannual Well Test Report, of the most recent well test obtained. This must be submitted within 45 days after the end of the calendar half-year.

- (b) You may request an extension from the Regional Supervisor if you cannot submit the results of a semi-annual well test within the specified time.
- (c) You must submit to the Regional Supervisor an original and two copies of the appropriate form required by paragraph (a) of this section; one of the copies of the form must be a public information copy in accordance with §§ 250.186 and 250.197, and marked "Public Information." You must submit two copies of the supporting information as listed in the table in §250.1167 with form MMS-126.

### § 250.1152 How do I conduct well tests?

- (a) When you conduct well tests you must:
- (1) Recover fluid from the well completion equivalent to the amount of fluid introduced into the formation during completion, recompletion, reworking, or treatment operations before you start a well test;
- (2) Produce the well completion under stabilized rate conditions for at least 6 consecutive hours before beginning the test period;
- (3) Conduct the test for at least 4 consecutive hours;
- (4) Adjust measured gas volumes to the standard conditions of 14.73 pounds

per square inch absolute (psia) and 60 °F for all tests; and

- (5) Use measured specific gravity values to calculate gas volumes.
- (b) You may request approval from the Regional Supervisor to conduct a well test using alternative procedures if you can demonstrate test reliability under those procedures.
- (c) The Regional Supervisor may also require you to conduct the following tests and complete them within a specified time period:
- (1) A retest or a prolonged test of a well completion if it is determined to be necessary for the proper establishment of a Maximum Production Rate (MPR) or a Maximum Efficient Rate (MER): and
- (2) A multipoint back-pressure test to determine the theoretical open-flow potential of a gas well.
- (d) An MMS representative may witness any well test. Upon request, you must provide advance notice to the Regional Supervisor of the times and dates of well tests.

# § 250.1153 When must I conduct a static bottomhole pressure survey?

(a) You must conduct a static bottomhole pressure survey under the following conditions:

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If you have	Then you must conduct
(1) A new producing reservoir	A static bottomhole pressure survey within 90 days after the date of first continuous production.  Annual static bottomhole pressure surveys in a sufficient number of key wells to establish an average reservoir pressure.  The Regional Supervisor may require that bottomhole pressure surveys be performed on specific wells.

- (b) Your bottomhole pressure survey must meet the following requirements:
- (1) You must shut-in the well for a minimum period of 4 hours to ensure stabilized conditions; and
- (2) The bottomhole pressure survey must consist of a pressure measure-
- ment at mid-perforation, and pressure measurements and gradient information for at least four gradient stops coming out of the hole.
- (c) You must submit to the Regional Supervisor the results of all static bottomhole pressure surveys on Form

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MMS-140, Bottomhole Pressure Survey Report, within 60 days after the date of the survey.

(d) The Regional Supervisor may grant a departure from the requirement to run a static bottomhole pressure survey. To request a departure, you must submit a justification, along with Form MMS-140, Bottomhole Pressure Survey Report, showing a calculated bottomhole pressure or any measured data.

#### CLASSIFYING RESERVOIRS

# § 250.1154 How do I determine if my reservoir is sensitive?

- (a) You must determine whether each reservoir is sensitive. You must classify the reservoir as sensitive if:
- (1) Under initial conditions it is an oil reservoir with an associated gas cap:
- (2) At any time there are near-critical fluids; or
- (3) The reservoir is undergoing enhanced recovery.
- (b) For the purposes of this subpart, near-critical fluids are:
- (1) Those fluids that occur in high temperature, high-pressure reservoirs where it is not possible to define the liquid-gas contact; or
- (2) Fluids in reservoirs that are near bubble point or dew point conditions.
- (c) The Regional Supervisor may reclassify a reservoir when available information warrants reclassification.
- (d) If available information indicates that a reservoir previously classified as non-sensitive is now sensitive, you must submit a request to the Regional Supervisor to reclassify the reservoir. You must include supporting information, as listed in the table in §250.1167, with your request.
- (e) If information indicates that a reservoir previously classified as sensitive is now non-sensitive, you may submit a request to the Regional Supervisor to reclassify the reservoir. You must include supporting information, as listed in the table in §250.1167, with your request.

# § 250.1155 What information must I submit for sensitive reservoirs?

You must submit to the Regional Supervisor an original and two copies of Form MMS-127; one of the copies must

be a public information copy in accordance with §\$250.186 and 250.197, and marked "Public Information." You must also submit two copies of the supporting information, as listed in the table in §250.1167. You must submit this information:

- (a) Within 45 days after beginning production from the reservoir or discovering that it is sensitive;
- (b) At least once during the calendar year, but you do not need to resubmit unrevised structure maps (§250.1167(a)(2)) or previously submitted well logs (§250.1167(c)(1));
- (c) Within 45 days after you revise reservoir parameters; and
- (d) Within 45 days after the Regional Supervisor classifies the reservoir as sensitive under §250.1154(c).

## APPROVALS PRIOR TO PRODUCTION

# § 250.1156 What steps must I take to receive approval to produce within 500 feet of a unit or lease line?

- (a) You must obtain approval from the Regional Supervisor before you start producing from a reservoir within a well that has any portion of the completed interval less than 500 feet from a unit or lease line. Submit to MMS the service fee listed in §250.125, according to the instructions in §250.126, and the supporting information, as listed in the table in §250.1167, with your request. The Regional Supervisor will determine whether approval of your request will maximize ultimate recovery, avoid the waste of natural resources, or protect correlative rights. You do not need to obtain approval if the adjacent leases or units have the same unit, lease (record title and operating rights), and royalty interests as the lease or unit you plan to produce. You do not need to obtain approval if the adjacent block is unleased.
- (b) You must notify the operator(s) of adjacent property(ies) that are within 500 feet of the completion, if the adjacent acreage is a leased block in the Federal OCS. You must provide the Regional Supervisor proof of the date of the notification. The operators of the adjacent properties have 30 days after receiving the notification to provide the Regional Supervisor letters of acceptance or objection. If an adjacent operator does not respond within 30